

Adolescent Development

48.212: Dr. Jeffrey Leitzel Ch. 10: Intimacy

Outline/Overview

- o Theoretical perspectives
 - Sullivan
 - Erikson
 - Attachment perspective
- o Development of Adolescent Intimacy
- o Intimacy and Psychosocial Development

• • Intimacy: Sullivan

- o Intimacy as an Adolescent issue
 - Characteristics of intimate relationships?
- o Harry Stack Sullivan (Interpersonal Theory) -Developmental progression of needs:
 - contact and for tenderness
 - adult participation
 - peers and peer acceptance
 - intimacy
 - sexual contact and intimacy-opposite-sex peer
 - integration into adult society

Intimacy: Erik Erikson o Crisis: Intimacy vs. Isolation • In a truly intimate relationship, two individuals' identities fuse Neither person's identity is lost Must establish identity during previous o Differs with Sullivan in sequencing o Contemporary perspective complementary tasks Intimacy: Attachment Perspective o John Bowlby/Mary Ainsworth - Strange Situation o A strong and enduring emotional bond An internal working model Anxiously attached infants carry problems into childhood and beyond o Types: Secure, anxious-resistant, anxiousavoidant, disorganized o Adult attachment interview - Mary Main Attachment style? A. I am somewhat uncomfortable being close to others; I find it difficult to trust

them completely, difficult to allow myself to depend on them. I am nervous when anyone gets too close, and often, others want me to be more intimate than I feel comfortable being.

Attachment style? B. I find it relatively easy to get close to others and am comfortable depending on them and having them depend on me. I don't worry about being abandoned or about someone getting too close to me. • • • Attachment style? C. I find that others are reluctant to get as close as I would like. I often worry that my partner doesn't really love me or won't want to stay with me. I want to get very close to my partner, and this sometimes scares people away. **Development of Adolescent** Intimacy o Changes in the Nature of Friendship o Companionship appears before adolescence Intimacy emerges later o Conflicts that adolescents have with friends



Development of Adolescent Intimacy

- o Changes in the Display of Intimacy
- More knowledgeable about their friends
- More responsive to close friends
- Friends become more interpersonally sensitive & empathic
- Resolve conflicts by negotiation or disengagement

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Development of Adolescent Intimacy

- o Sex Differences in Intimacy
- Girls' relationships are more intimate than boys'
- New targets of intimacy are added to old ones
- Different types of intimate relationships with parents and peers
 - Parent-adolescent relationships
 - Adolescent peer relationships



Intimacy and Psychosocial Development

- o Friends as a sounding board
- o Friends provide advice
- o Contribute to adolescents' self-esteem
- Can lead to too much introspection and self-consciousness
 - Corumination

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